## Review

name the following: HCl
HClO
$\mathrm{HClO}_{2}$
$\mathrm{HClO}_{3}$
$\mathrm{HClO}_{4}$
$\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
write the formulas
nitric acid
nitrous acid
hydronitric acid
magnesium hydroxide
name the following:
HCD hyarchluric amend
HCIO hypo chlorous ard
$\mathrm{HClO}_{2}$ chlorous acid
$\mathrm{HClO}_{3}$ chloric acid
$\mathrm{HClO}_{4}$ perchloric acid
$\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} \operatorname{Iron}(\mathrm{II})$ hydroxide
write the formulas
nitric acid $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$
strong acids
$\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
HBr
HI
$\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$
$\mathrm{HClO}_{4}$
HCl
nitrous acid $\mathrm{H} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$
hydronitric acid
magnesium hydroxide
$\mathrm{Cl}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$

$$
\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{j}}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}
$$



## Titration



| Acid ${ }^{\text {Base }}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{HX}+\mathrm{BOH} \rightarrow \mathrm{BX}+\mathrm{HOH} \\ & \mathrm{H}^{+1}+\mathrm{OH}^{-1} \rightarrow \mathrm{HOH} \end{aligned}$ <br> $0.046 \mathrm{~mol} \quad 0.046 \mathrm{~mol}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M 0.81 |  | 1.85 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{mol} 0.046=0.046$ |  |  |  | 046 | -0.046 mol | +0.046 mol |
| L 0.057 |  | 0.025 |  | 0 | 0 | 0.046 m |

$0.81 \mathrm{M}=\frac{\mathrm{x} \mathrm{mol}}{0.057 \mathrm{~L}}$
$\mathrm{x}=0.046 \mathrm{~mol}$ acid $=0.046 \mathrm{~mol}$ base
$\frac{0.046 \mathrm{~mol}}{0.025 \mathrm{~L}}=1.85 \mathrm{M}$ base

## Phenolphthalein

-- commonly used indicator for titrations and is a very weak acid.
$\frac{\mathrm{H}^{- \text {phph }_{(a q)}}}{\text { colorless }} \rightleftharpoons \mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathrm{aq)})+\underset{\text { pink }}{\text { phph }_{(\mathrm{aq})}}$

## Titration of an Acid with a Base using phenolphthalein indicator

Figure 1
Figure 2

Figure 3


Startpoint Slow Down Endpoint Too Far


Good Eaquodit


Bad Entpoint (Ovenly Tirated)

What is happening to the pH as you titrate?



What is happening to the pH as you titrate?



## $\mathrm{H}^{+} \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{Na}^{+} \mathrm{OH}$



